Structure of Tyrolobibenzyl D and Biological Activity of Tyrolobibenzyls from Scorzonera humilis Christian Zidorn,^{a,*} Renate Spitaler,^a Ernst-P. Ellmerer-Müller,^b Nigel B. Perry,^c

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Trichophyton mentagrophytes for any of the investigated compounds. An evaluation of potential chemopreventive activity of 2, 2a, 4, and 4a also revealed no pronounced activity in any

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of the employed assaying systems.

Z. Naturforsch. **57c**, 614–619 (2002); received April 2/May 2, 2002 Scorzonera, Bibenzyl Derivatives, Biological Activity A novel tyrolobibenzyl derivative, 1→6-β-D-apiosyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl 4-[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl]benzofuran-2-carboxylate 3 (tyrolobibenzyl D) was isolated from Scorzonera humilis L. and its structure established by mass spectrometry and 1D- and 2D-NMR spectroscopy. The biological activities of the new compound and related tyrolobibenzyls A-C (1-2, 4) and the semi-synthetic peracetyl derivatives of tyrolobibenzyls B (2a) and C (4a) were assessed. The results revealed no cytotoxic activity against P388 cells and neither anti-bacterial activity against Bacillus subtilis nor antifungal activity against Candida albicans and